

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
H. W. WEATHER BUREAU
Oct. 30, 1916. Last twenty-four hours' record:
Temperature, Min. 71, Max. 81. Weather, cloudy.

Hawaiian Gazette

LATEST CANED SUGAR QUOTATIONS	
Centrifugal N. Y.	6.52
Price, Hawaiian basis	6.52
Last previous quotation	6.50

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1916. SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4562

WILSON DENIES TRUTH OF CHARGE MADE BY LODGE

Never Even Considered Such a Postscript To Lusitania Note As Was Attributed To Him In Quotation From Breckenridge

LODGE QUOTES MORE FROM FORMER OFFICIAL

Bryan Points Out That His Resignation Could Not Have Been As Suggested. As Second Note Came After He Stepped Out

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

FITCHBURG, Massachusetts, October 31.—Senator Lodge, in his address here last night, repeated his assertion that former Assistant Secretary of War Breckenridge had told a number of his friends that the President had weakened the whole stand of the American government in the submarine controversy by stating in a postscript to the second Lusitania note that the direct and warning words of the original "strict accountability" note were not to be taken too seriously.

The senator read a letter from John Temple Lloyd Jeffries, of Boston, which stated that Mr. Breckenridge had on several occasions made remarks to him similar to those quoted by the senator as having been made to Dr. Charles H. Bailey of the Tufts Medical College. The former assistant secretary of war, said the letter, had criticized the President for the postscript which eliminated the strength of the original Lusitania note and weakened the whole position of the United States in the eyes of Germany.

Yesterday, at Shadow Lawn, the President gave out a statement in which he denied the truth of the statement attributed by Senator Lodge to Mr. Breckenridge, while from Omaha, William Jennings Bryan, also denied that the President had penned such a postscript as had been described. The President stated that he had not even gone so far as considering the adding of such a postscript.

Adding to his denial, the President last night telegraphed to the editor of The New Republic authority to state in his name that "any statement that I appended such a postscript to any note addressed to Germany, as stated by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, is untrue."

Not Even Considered

The President added that no such a postscript as described by Senator Lodge was ever written by him to any document and no postscript was even considered in relation to the second Lusitania note, except that it was suggested that the protest might be strengthened.

One member of the cabinet, before the second Lusitania note was under discussion in cabinet meeting, intimated that a proposal might be added stating that arbitration of the claims of the United States against Germany in connection with the Lusitania incident would be accepted by the United States. This suggestion was not accepted by the President, and the matter was not even discussed when the cabinet took the text of the note up for consideration.

No Resignation Threat

There was no threat or resignation over any section of the Lusitania note by any member of the cabinet, said the President in his telegram, and the suggestion was dropped. I took the suggestion under consideration but decided to reject it, as it appeared to me that to embody it in the note, either as a portion of the note itself or as a postscript, would be to advance something inconsistent with the purpose of the note.

In his statement given out yesterday at Omaha, William Jennings Bryan points out that he could not have resigned because of any differences with the President over the second Lusitania note, inasmuch as that note was penned after he had ceased to be secretary of state. The second note followed the first with a lapse of a month, Mr. Bryan having resigned in the meanwhile.

FOUNDERED IN GALE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
ST. NAZAIRE, France, October 30.—The British steamer Borna has foundered west of Ushant in a gale. All passengers and the crew are saved.

CHINA'S VICE-PRESIDENT

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PEKING, October 30.—General Feng Kwo, a supporter of Li Yuan Heng, has been named vice-president by the Chinese parliament.

POLITICAL FORECASTS ARE IN FAVOR OF REPUBLICANS

WILLIAM R. WILCOX, Chairman of the Republican National Campaign Committee, Who Predicts Hughes' Election by Safe Majority



Private Advices State Presidency and House Are Safe, Senate Doubtful—Democrats Also Confident

DIRECT word from the mainland, received by National Committee man R. W. Breckons yesterday from J. M. Dowsett, who is in New York, states that not only are the indications today pointing to Charles E. Hughes as a sure winner of the presidency but that it appears certain that the Republicans will capture the house with a fair chance of also capturing the senate.

"On the results of the general election," writes Mr. Dowsett, "it looks now as though Hughes will win. The indications are that the house will be Republican with a majority of around twenty."

"The probable complexion of the senate is less certain, but all the chances favor a Republican victory there as well."

GERMANY'S LINES ON WEST FIRM AS A ROCK—HINDENBURG

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, October 31.—The year 1917 may bring the decisive battle of the great European war, according to Field Marshal von Hindenburg, foremost general of the armies of the Teutonic allies, in a statement given by him in the course of an interview yesterday.

"The situation is as good as it possibly could be," said von Hindenburg, "and I am confident that all will go well with the German arms in the future."

U-BOAT REVERTS TO OLD METHOD OF TORPEDOING

American Sailors Lose Their Lives Off Irish Coast When Submarine Strikes Without the Promised Advance Warning

LIFEBOATS WITH CREW SHELLED BY GERMANS

Secretary Lansing Says Despatches Are Serious But Contain Insufficient Details To Warrant Any Statement Now

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, October 31.—What may become another serious issue between the United States and Germany was reported yesterday in despatches to the state department by Wesley Frost, United States consul at Cork, Ireland, who cabled from Queenstown that two British steamers, carrying Americans as members of their crews, had been torpedoed, without warning it was alleged, and that there had been loss of American lives.

These steamers were the Kovanmore, which carried seven Americans, the lifeboats of which are reported to have been shelled by the German submarine which sank the ship and the steamer Marina, which carried a large number of Americans in her crew.

Despatches Serious

Secretary Lansing stated last night that the reports his department have received are as yet not with sufficient detail to warrant any statement, as it could not be definitely ascertained from them whether there had been any violation or not of the pledge Germany had given to the United States regarding the use of her submarines against unarmed vessels.

The secretary of state admitted, however, that the despatches appear to indicate a situation more serious than has been the case for some months.

Shelled Small Boats

The Kovanmore, a steamer of 6745 tons, plying between Baltimore and Liverpool, was sunk some days ago. According to Consul Frost, she carried seven American sailors, a number of whom have advised that their lifeboat was shelled after it had pulled away from the sinking ship. None of the shells landed true, however, and there were no fatalities among the Americans.

The steamer Marina, of 3222 tons, was bound for Newport News from Glasgow. She was used for transporting troops of the United Kingdom for the British government, but was not under charter to the government. She was sunk yesterday off the Irish coast, and four men of her crew of one hundred and four men only thirty-four are known to have been saved. They were landed yesterday at Crookhaven, Ireland.

No Warning Given

According to the reports of these survivors, the steamer was torpedoed without warning and went down with loss of her crew. Consul Frost is interviewing the Americans among the men saved and is securing affidavits from them to be forwarded to the state department.

Private advices from Ireland state that a large proportion of the men on the Marina were Americans and that at least fifty of these have been lost, drowned when the steamer went down for the killed when the torpedo exploded against her side.

The steamer, at the time she was attacked, was carrying no contraband and was proceeding to the United States in ballast.

WIRELESS CENSORS SENT TO NEW POSTS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, October 31.—Licentiate Charles Clark and W. S. Kemp, who have been acting as naval censors for the United States government at the powerful wireless stations at Sandyville, New Jersey, and Gloucester, Massachusetts, were yesterday transferred to other posts.

Near Admiral Benson who has been acting as the head of the United States bureau of radio communication, denied that the naval officers had been transferred because of protests made by Great Britain that unauthorized information had been permitted to pass through the stations promoting the activities of the German sea war U-53, which recently sank a number of British and French vessels off the New England coast.

YOSHIHITO'S BIRTHDAY IS BEING CELEBRATED TODAY

EMPEROR YOSHIHITO of Japan, In Honor of Whose Thirty-seventh Birthday Anniversary Today Will Be Celebrated Generally By His Subjects In Hawaii



Religious Services This Morning With Sports This Afternoon and Reception Tonight

TODAY is the thirty-eighth anniversary of the birth of Emperor Yoshihito of Japan, and every son and daughter of Nippon in Hawaii is prepared to celebrate it.

The program in Honolulu includes events that will occupy the entire day almost continuously. Thousands of Japanese will participate in the various exercises in honor of the Mikado. The program as announced by those in charge includes religious services, speeches, sports, dances, music, story telling and, as a grand wind-up to the events of the day, a big reception at the Alexander Young Hotel.

From nine o'clock to ten-thirty this morning Japanese residents of the city will gather at the Japanese consulate to go through the ceremony of worshipping from a distance and will offer prayers for many "happy returns of the day."

Another gathering will take place at the Nippon Japanese church, at nine o'clock in the morning, the Japanese Christians having been summoned to collect there. A sermon will be preached by Rev. C. Nakamura, pastor of the Japanese Methodist church. Rev. T. Hori will deliver a short address and prayer for the health and happiness of the Mikado will be offered by Rev. T. Okumura. The services will include a Bible reading by Rev. G. Motokawa and the benediction will be delivered by Rev. O. H. Gallick.

Salutes At Consulate

At eleven o'clock a solemn service will be held in the yard of the Japanese consulate, Nuanuan and Kunkini Streets. The service will begin with the firing of three salutes. The Japanese national air, "Kimigayo," will be played by the Royal Hawaiian band. A short opening address will be made by Dr. T. Mori, the chairman. Consul-General R. Mori, representing the Japanese residents of Hawaii, will read a congratulatory address, following which the Japanese national anthem will be sung by the audience.

It is planned to send to the Crown Prince of Japan on Friday, when he is to be formally announced as the heir apparent, a cable message of congratulation. This message will be read to the audience at the consulate tomorrow by the chairman.

Three rousing "banquets" for the Emperor and the Crown Prince will conclude the service.

In the afternoon, commencing at one o'clock, when the consulate will be held an entertainment which will include exhibitions of jiu jitsu, fencing, Japanese wrestling, sword dancing, chrysanthemum dances by geisha girls, music, comedy and story telling.

Many prominent American citizens of Honolulu and the local consuls of various countries have been invited to attend the big reception at the Young Hotel which will conclude the day's program.

Crown Prince's Celebration

One of the big events of the week will be a lantern parade, the concluding celebration, which will be held Friday night in honor of the announcement that the Crown Prince has been named as heir apparent to the throne.

Last night 3029 Japanese residents of the island had signed up to carry lanterns in this parade, which promises to be the biggest thing of the kind ever held in the Territory. All the Japanese on Oahu who are not in the line of march will be on the sidewalks watching the parade, and it is expected that practically everybody of other nationalities will be on hand to swell the crowd.

MUCH FIGHTING ON EVERY FRONT WITHOUT RESULT

German and French Blow and Counter-blow on the West, Each Winning Ground and Resulting in Bag of Prisoners

RUMANIANS COME BACK IN STRENGTH

Volhynia and Macedonia Seeing Plenty of Bloodshed, With Results Disputed By the Various Capitals In Official Reports

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, October 31.—Blow and counter-blow were exchanged by the French and Germans yesterday on the west front, the French driving forward to the northwest of Sailly Maillet, taking six hundred German prisoners, while the Germans, in a fierce counter against the French line south of the Somme, seized a portion of the trenches north of La Masurette in the region of Blaches, taking four hundred and twelve Frenchmen.

North of the Sully Salient position, the French and British, advancing together, pushed their lines close to the Bapaume-Peronne road, the extreme point of this advance being west of the Las Boente-Morval section. The French have entered Sully village and have made good their foothold.

Rumanians Come Back

On the east front and in the Balkans and Rumanian areas the Rumanians, Serbians and Bulgarians have all resumed the offensive, according to semi-official reports.

The Rumanians are "coming back" and are pushing the Austro-Germans hard in the Carpathians, under the Tarnopol-Turkish army, while von Mackensen in the Dolnina region have been brought to a standstill and thrown back on the defensive.

In the Prubov and Jial Valleys the Rumanians have made marked successes, according to Bucharest, although Berlin claims in the Rothenthurm Tass the success has been on the side of the Teutons. The German reports admit that the Rumanians have forced the Germans to retire south of the Sanduk Pass.

Russian Mass Attacks

There has been bloody fighting again on the Volhynia sector, where the Russians, with a mass formation, drove against the German lines. Berlin reports that this attempt broke down with very heavy losses for the Slavs, who tried to run machine guns. Petrograd claims that substantial progress was made and that a number of German prisoners were taken in the Russian advance.

East of Szelesow the Russians attacked and were repulsed.

Macedonian Battles

The positions in the bond of the Bulgar front at Cerna are being attacked by the Serbians and being driven slowly back, with heavy losses.

On the Dorian section of the Macedonian front the British are raiding the German-Bulgar positions, inflicting casualties and taking some prisoners.

PROTECTIVE TARIFF IS URGENTLY NECESSARY

Energized Europe Will Capture the American Market Otherwise

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
COLUMBUS, Ohio, October 31.—Republican Candidate Hughes made a protective tariff speech here last night, ridiculing the statements of President Wilson that the country is economically able to meet the competition of the world after the conclusion of the war. The United States is not able to meet the competition of an energized Europe, even within its own borders, said Mr. Hughes, and it will not be able to hold the American market for American manufacturers unless a protective tariff measure be passed.

Speaking at East Liverpool, in this State, yesterday afternoon, Mr. Hughes replied directly to the President, saying that the two billion dollars increase in exports for the year 1915 is due almost entirely and exclusively to the demands which the war has created. He cited the statement of Chairman Hurley of the federal trade commission as upholding the claims of the Republicans that "America is unprepared for competition with Europe after the war is over."